英検(4級)対策 短文の空所補充編 No. 1

		(30)までの()に きなさい。【本番では大				본 1, 2, 3, 4 の타	中から	一つ選び、そ
(1)		Fred, I got two Great. I like b				game. Do yo	ou w	ant to come?
		1 stories	2	tickets	3	players	4	teams
(2)	A:	What is your fa	avor	ite ()	at scl	nool, Dean?		
	B:	I like math the	be	st.				
		1 question	2	subject	3	room	4	idea
(3)	A:	Grandpa, when () time?	yo	u were a yo	oung b	oy, what did	l yo	u do in your
	B:	I went fishing,	Sal	lly.				
		1 much	2	less	3	free	4	short
(4)		Did you study f Yes, but I'm sti	,			eg?		
		1 worried				tired	4	glad
(5)		You look sleepy		_			last	night?
	B:	Yes. I listened	l to	the () until	one o'clock.		
		1 textbook	2	photo	3	room	4	radio
(6)		Jimmy didn't hav	ze lı	unch, so he'	s very	() now	· .	
		1 new	2	clean	3	different	4	hungry
(7)	A:	One orange juic	ce,	please.				
	B:	What () w	oul	d you like?				
	A:	Small, please.						

2 hour 3 sound 4 size

1 way

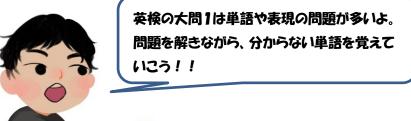
(8) A: It's already been two years since you came to Japan B: Yes. The years go by so ().				oan.
	_	2 kindly		4 down
(9)	John went to Kyo	oto and () s	some famous tem	ples.
	1 visited	2 met	3 took	4 had
(10)	My () sport	is volleyball. Bu	ıt my friends don	i't like it.
	1 happy	2 long	3 nice	4 favorite
(11)	A: Where is your o	cat, Randy?		
	B: She's sleeping () the dinin	g table.	
	1 for	2 under	3 with	4 of
(12)	Collin likes (), so he often go	pes to the pool.	
	1 reading	2 flying	3 swimming	4 shopping
(13)	A: What can I buy	for Kevin's birt	hday?	
	B: I have an (). You can tak	e him to his favo	orite restaurant.
	1 office	2 animal	3 eye	4 idea
(14)	A: What do you ea	at for breakfast?		
	B: I usually eat so	me (), but	I sometimes have	e rice.
	1 kitchen	2 shopping	3 money	4 bread
(15)	Last year Makoto	o traveled to Par	is. He liked the	city very much
	and hopes to live t	there in the ().	
	1 world	2 future	3 hour	4 way
(16)	Mr. Smith () up smoking be	ecause his wife o	ften told him to
	1 made	2 kept	3 caught	4 gave
	1 111440	– 110Pt	o oaagii	1 8410

(17)		Fred. When yo			e () hello to	her	for me.
	B:	OK. I will, M	r. Ja	ackson.				
		1 hear	2	ask	3	say	4	give
(18)	A:	Mom, can I ha	ve s	ome cookies?				
	B:	Yes, but () y	our hands bef	ore	you eat.		
		1 wash	2	bring	3	carry	4	catch
(19)	•	Julian likes to w	atch	TV but he ne	ever	reads a ().	
		1 present	2	newspaper	3	music	4	movie
(20)		You're driving OK. Sorry.	too	fast, John! S	Slow	y ().		
		1 down	2	in	3	away	4	off
(21)		That girl (Yes, she is.) 1	ike Pete. Is	she	his sister?		
		1 looks	2	comes	3	takes	4	goes
(22)		When will you This Friday. I					ore (davs.
		1 about		there		in		back
(23)		Γhe baby is slee quiet.	ping	; in the next 1	roon	n, so please s	top	() and
		1 talk	2	talked	3	talks	4	talking
(24)		David has a son udents.	and	l a daughter.	Во	th of ()	are	high school
		1 him	2	it	3	her	4	them

(25)	A: () there a	a post office near	here?	
	B: Yes. Walk one	e more block and	it's on your right	t.
	1 Is	2 Are	3 Do	4 Does
(26)	We () go h	iking if it rains t	comorrow.	
	1 aren't	2 won't	3 weren't	4 didn't
(27)	John's mother a	and father () home now.	They're at the
	shopping center.			
	1 don't	2 doesn't	3 isn't	4 aren't
(28)	Sam can't go to	school today. He	e is sick (bed.
	1 at	2 of	3 to	4 in
(29)	A: Is Janet still a	t school?		
	B: No. I think sh	ne's now on her () home.	
	1 idea	2 way	3 top	4 voice
(30)	A: Those flowers a	re beautiful. Car	n I () a pict	ure of them?
	B: Sure.			
	1 answer	2 take	3 hear	4 ride

解答&解説

(1)	2	Do you want to come? 「行きたいですか。」から考えて ticket [チケット] を選
		ぶ。 story [話、物語] player [選手] team [チーム]
(2)	2	BのIlike math the best. 「数学が一番すきです。」から好きな subject [教科]
		をたずねている。 question [質問] room [部屋] idea [考え]
(3)	3	free time [自由な時間、ヒマな時] という意味にする。
	1	熟語の問題。 be worried about ~ [~について心配である] とする。
(4)		still [まだ] short [短い]
(~)	4	listen to ~ [~を聞く] とあるので、radio [ラジオ] を選ぶ。
(5)		textbook [教科書] photo [写真] room [部屋]
(6)	4	didn't have lunch [昼食を食べていない] から hungry [お腹が空いた] を選ぶ。
, ,		different [違った、異なった]
(7)	4	質問の答えが small となっているので、size [サイズ] を選ぶ。
(7)		way[道、方法] hour[時間] sound[音]
(8)	1	[時間が速く進む]という意味で quickly [速く] を選ぶ。
		kindly [親切に] around [周りに] down [下へ]
(9)	1	京都に行って、some famous temples [有名なお寺] を visit [訪れる] とする。
		met [meet (会う) の過去形] took [take (とる) の過去形]
		had [have (持っている) の過去形]
(10)	4	favorite [お気に入りの] を選び、my favorite sport [私のお気に入りのスポー
		ツ]とする。
<u> </u>		



(11)	2	Where [どこ] とあるので、場所を表す前置詞 under [~の下に] を選ぶ。
		goes to the pool [プールに行く] から like swimming [泳ぐのが好き] とす
(12)	3	3.
		reading [読むこと] flying [飛ぶこと] shopping [買い物]
(13)	4	単語の問題。 I have an idea. 「考えがある。」とする。
(10)	4	office [事務所] animal [動物] eye [目]
		What do you eat for breakfast?「朝ごはんに何を食べますか」に対する答え
(3.0)		<i>b</i>
(14)	4	考える。 kitchen [台所] shopping [買い物] money [お金]
	_	bread [パン]
(-)		in the future [将来] という表現を作る。 world [世界] future [未来]
(15)	2	hour [時間] way [道、方法]
		give up smoking [禁煙する、たばこをやめる] という表現を作る。
(10)		
(16)	4	give up ~ing「~するのをあきらめる」 make up [作り上げる]
		keep up ~ing [~し続ける] catch up [追いつく]
(1.5)	_	say hello to ~ [~によろしく伝える] という表現を作る。
(17)	3	
		before you eat [食べる前] に hand [手] をどうするのか考える。
(18)	1	
		wash [洗う] bring [持ってくる] carry [運ぶ] catch [捕まえる]
(19)	2	選択肢の中から read [読む] ものを選ぶ。 present [プレゼント]
		newspaper [新聞] music [音楽] movie [映画]
(0.5)		表現の問題。 Slow down. 「減速する」
(20)	1	

全ての単語が分からなくても、いくつかの 意味が分かれば消去法で答えに近づくよ。 記号問題は空欄を作らない!!



(21)	1	表現の問題。 look like ~ [~のように見える、~に似ている]
(22)	4	表現の問題。 go back to~[~へ戻る、~へ帰る]
(23)	4	文法問題。 stop は後ろに動名詞を使う。 stop ~ing [~するのをやめる] stop to ~ [~するために立ち止まる] も覚えておく。
(24)	4	a son and a daughter を代名詞 1 語で表すと、them となる。 both of~「~の両方とも〕
(25)	1	文法の問題。 There is / are 構文は後ろにくる名詞が単数なら is を、複数なら are を使う。今回は、a post office [郵便局] が単数なので is を選ぶ。
(26)	2	if it rains tomorrow [もし、明日雨だったら] から明日の内容だとわかるので、will not の短縮形 won't を選ぶ。 if 節では未来のことでも現在形で表すため、 if it will rain tomorrow ではなく、if it rains tomorrow となっている。
(27)	4	主語が John's mother and father [ジョンのお母さんとお父さん] なので複数。 ()の文には動詞が入ってないので、aren't を選ぶ。 Be 動詞は存在「~がいる、~がある」を表す。
(28)	4	表現の問題。 sick in bed [病気で寝ている]
(29)	2	表現の問題。 on one's way home [帰っている途中、帰り道] one's の部分には代名詞の所有格 (my, your, his, her など) が入る。
(30)	2	表現の問題。 take a picture [写真を撮る] answer [答える] hear [聞こえる] ride [乗る]

資格試験は考え方が大切!全部正解する必要はない。合格点をクリアするのが大切。 正答率7割を目標に頑張ろう!

自分の正解数

/30

(正答率70%は21問正

